

CHAPTER
4

Section 1

RETEACHING ACTIVITY

The Egyptian and Nubian Empires

Determining Main Ideas

Choose the word that most accurately completes each sentence below. Write that word in the blank provided.

Kush	Hatshepsut	Meroë
Aksum	cuneiform	Piankhi
New Kingdom	Phoenicia	Ramses II
Nubia	Assyrians	Valley of the Kings
dynasty	Hyksos	Thutmose III
Hammurabi		

- The Asiatic invaders who ruled Egypt from about 1640 to 1570 B.C. were called _____.
- The time period between about 1570 and 1075 B.C. in Egypt, its third period of glory, was known as the _____.
- _____ was a female pharaoh who brought great prosperity to Egypt.
- _____ was a warlike ruler who led a number of victorious invasions into Palestine and Syria and turned Egypt into a mighty empire.
- Egypt also pushed farther into _____, a region of Africa that straddled the upper Nile River.
- The Egyptians and Hittites made a peace treaty under the reign of Egyptian pharaoh _____.
- The area near Thebes where Egyptian rulers of the New Kingdom built splendid tombs was called _____.
- The Nubian kingdom that interacted heavily with Egypt was _____.
- King _____ united the Nile Valley and became part of Egypt's Twenty-fifth Dynasty.
- The Kushites in Egypt were defeated by a war-like people from Southwest Asia called the _____.
- After being forced out of Egypt, the Kushite royal family moved south to _____.
- Meroë eventually was defeated by another kingdom located 400 miles to the southeast, _____.