**A Nation Emerges Honors**

**Unit 1: Colonial America**

**Chapters 3 & 4 Exam Review**

**Chapter 3**

1. Quaker belief, William Penn and his policies in Pennsylvania
2. Consequences of New England's population growth in the late seventeenth century
3. The Pueblo Revolt
4. Cause and consequences of King Philip's War
5. The aftermath of Bacon's Rebellion
6. Why, beginning in the mid-1660s, did Chesapeake planters begin to purchase more African slaves?
7. Nation/region that provided a major market for New England goods in the late seventeenth century?
8. The part of the New England trading system that was triangular in nature involved which goods?
9. Mercantilist theory
10. Provisions and consequences of the Navigation Acts and the Navigation Act of 1692
11. The Salem Village witchcraft crisis occurred for which of the following reasons?
12. Differences between "court parties" and the "country interest"

**Chapter 4**

1. The cause(s) of most of the eighteenth-century population growth in the British colonies in North America was due to…
2. Why did many planters consider slave women more valuable than slave men?
3. In the 18th century:
   1. # of white non-English (Scots-Irish and German) who immigrated to the American colonies
   2. Characteristics of the German immigrants to the American colonies
   3. Percentage of the colonial population south of New England that was of non-English origin by 1775
4. Why did Anglo-American elites often foster animosity between and among people of different ethnic origins, AND what were the consequences of this growing racial and ethnic diversity of the American colonies as they moved toward revolution?
5. Who had more opportunities for advancement, seventeenth-century immigrants, or immigrants to the colonies in the eighteenth century?
6. Impact of King George’s War:
   1. On Boston at the end of the war
   2. Why/how did it differ between the middle colonies and the New England colonies?
   3. On the Chesapeake
7. James Oglethorpe's original purpose in founding Georgia
8. Education in the eighteenth century
9. John Locke’s arguments/beliefs; *Two Treatises of Government*; how did the ideas of the Enlightenment challenge accepted beliefs and ideas?
10. Electricity

Oral Cultures/Religious and Civic Rituals/”Middle Ground” rituals

1. The most important public ritual through which colonists forged their cultural identities
2. Seating in Congregational churches
3. Which of the following became a crucial component in the trading rituals between Europeans and Indians?
4. Consequences of the case of John Peter Zenger
5. Members of colonial assemblies believed that their primary function was to
6. Eighteenth-century colonial political leaders viewed colonial governors and appointed councils as
7. The Stono Rebellion
8. The Great Awakening:
   1. What was it?
   2. Consequences/impact on its followers
   3. Ideas of Jonathan Edwards
   4. Impacts of George Whitefield
   5. Old Lights and New Lights
   6. Challenges to orthodoxy